

# Looking for Cows lips

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TEADUSE TIPPKESKUS  
**ECOL  
CHANGE**



Euroopa Liit  
Euroopa  
Regionaalarengu Fond



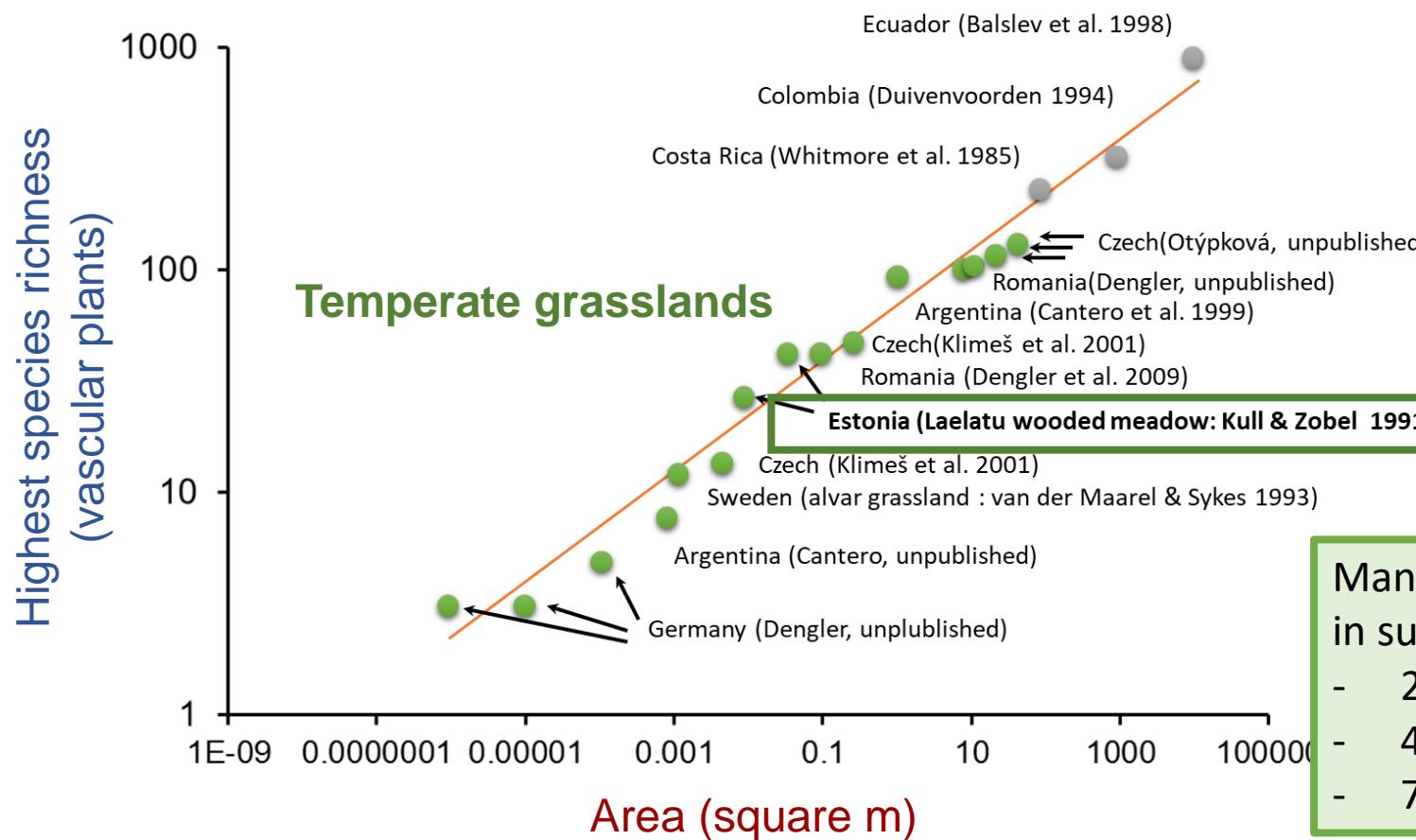
Eesti  
tuleviku heaks



**cost**  
EUROPEAN COOPERATION  
IN SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

# EUROPEAN GRASSLANDS

- ☒ Temperate grasslands offer habitats for exceptionally many plant and animal species
- ☒ European grasslands are world's top-diverse habitats!



Tropical rainforest



Temperate wooded meadow



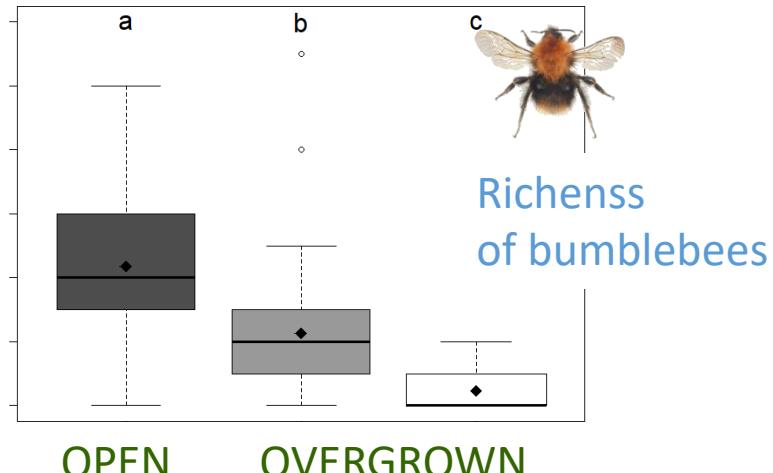
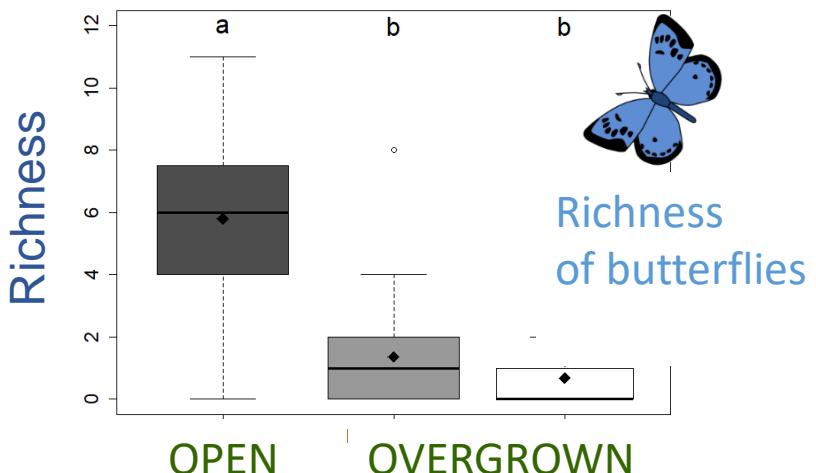
Many vascular plant species in such a small area (!):

- 25 species 10 x 10 cm
- 42 species 20 x 20 cm
- 76 species 100 x 100 cm



# EUROPEAN GRASSLANDS

- ☒ Semi-natural grasslands are critical for maintaining vital ecosystem services (nature's benefits for people)
- ☒ Important nesting and feeding habitats for numerous insects
- ☒ Species involved in biological control
- ☒ Cultural, recreative and aesthetic value



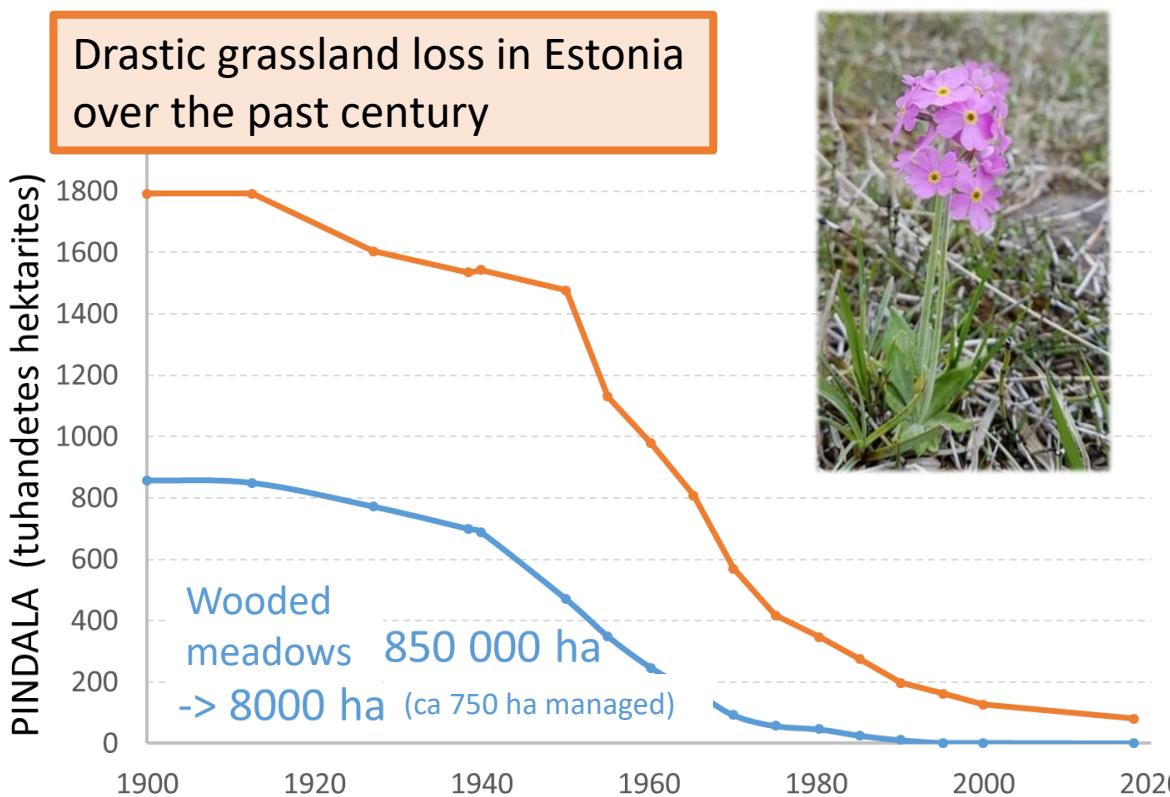
The overgrowth of calcareous grasslands has brought along substantial decrease in the abundance of butterflies and bumblebees.



Ca 75 % of most important food crops depend on pollinators.  
At least half of „pollinations service“ is secured by wild pollinating insects.

# EUROPEAN GRASSLANDS

- ☒ Drastic decrease in the area and connectivity of grasslands
- ☒ Europe has lost > 90 % of semi-natural grasslands
- ☒ Land use change as the main cause



97% of Britain's wildflower meadows have gone. Here's why it matters  
*Patrick Barkham*



The loss of natural habitat since WWII is vividly reflected in the fate of the marsh fritillary butterfly. So it's worrying when meadows are shaved like football pitches



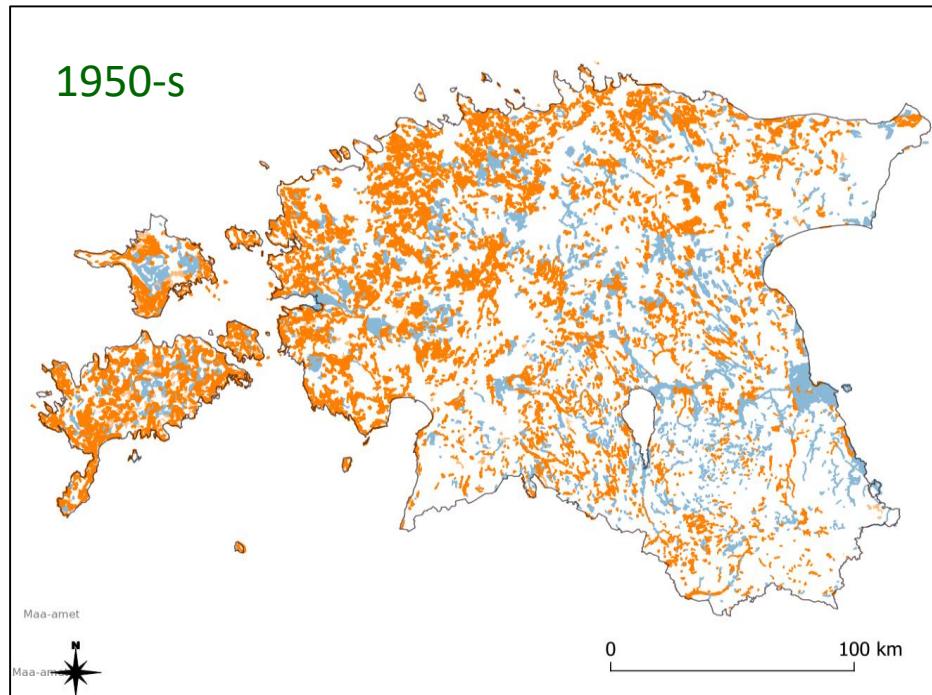
## English grasslands in 'catastrophic decline'

Conservationists warn wildlife-rich grasslands are vanishing due to development, farming practices or neglect

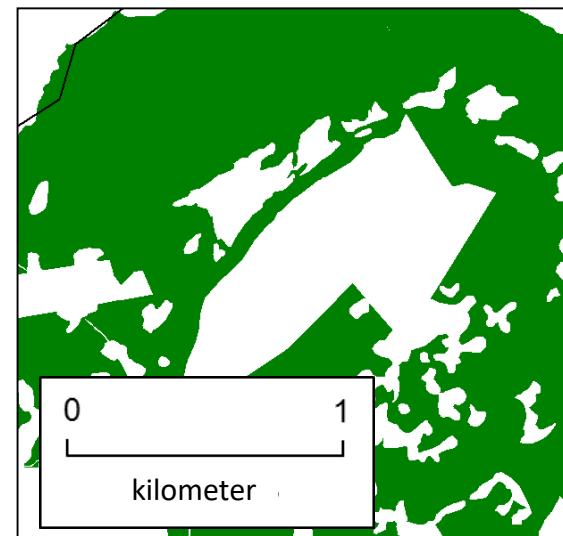


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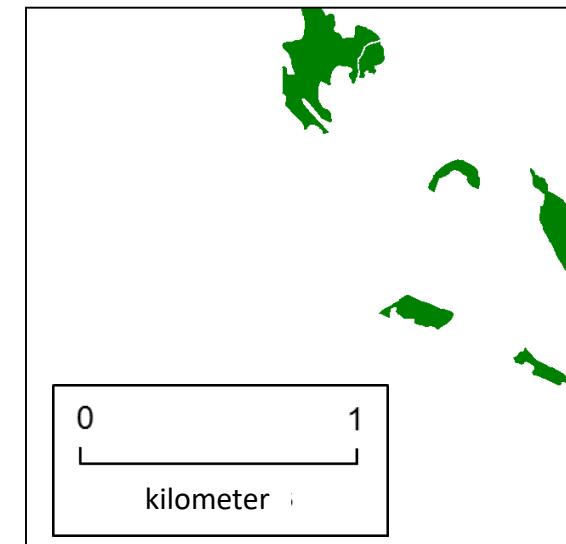
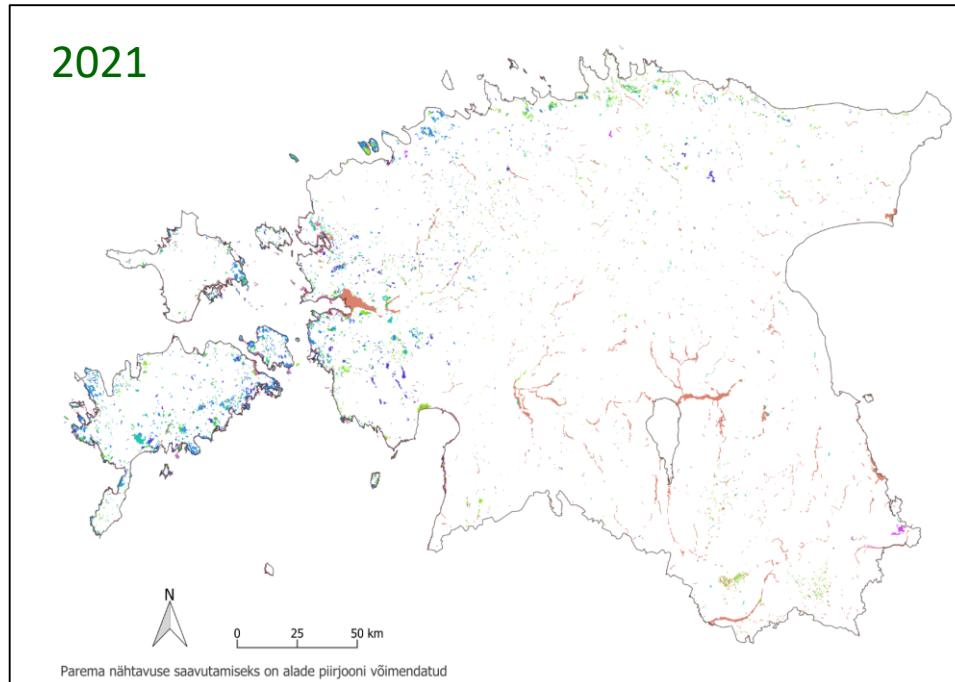
Overall change in the area of grasslands



Calcareous grassland in 1913  
Pääsuke 1913 (ERM 214:208)

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Overgrown grassland in 2016

The **total area** of grasslands has decreased.  
Landscape-scale connectivity has drastically declined.  
**Both pose serious threats for biodiversity.**

Overall change in the area of grasslands

# ESTONIAN GRASSLANDS – floodplain meadows

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Photo: Tsipe Aavik

# ESTONIAN GRASSLANDS – coastal meadows

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Photo: Tsipe Aavik

# ESTONIAN GRASSLANDS – wooded meadows

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Photos: Tsipe Aavik

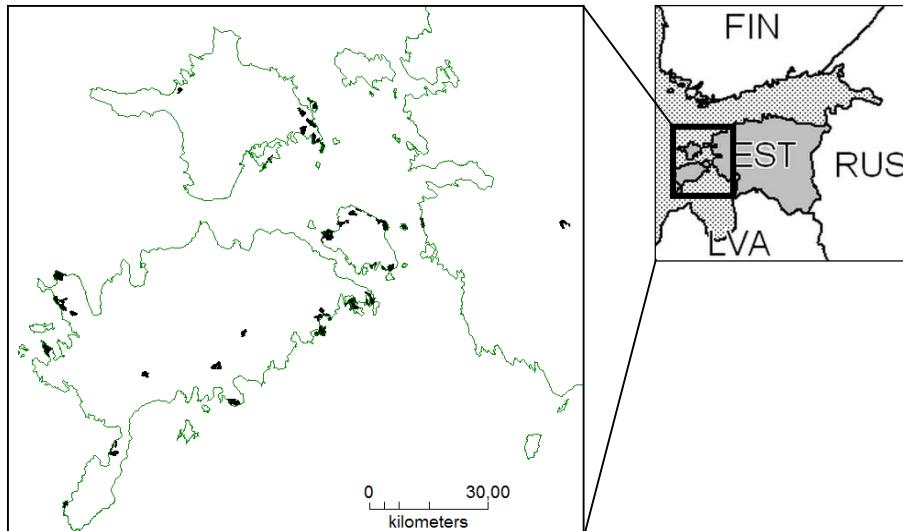
# ESTONIAN GRASSLANDS – calcareous alvar grasslands



Photo: Tsipe Aavik

# RESTORATION OF GRASSLANDS

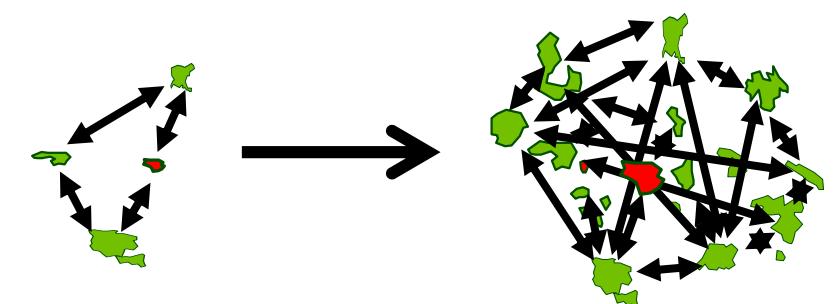
- ❖ LIFE TO ALVARS – a large-scale restoration project to recover calcareous semi-natural grasslands (alvars) on > 2500 ha in Estonia



Meeting of the experts to select most valuable regions:  
(1) Historical distribution  
(2) Regions where grasslands with high diversity had preserved



Aims:  
(1) Increase habitat connectivity  
(2) Increase habitat area



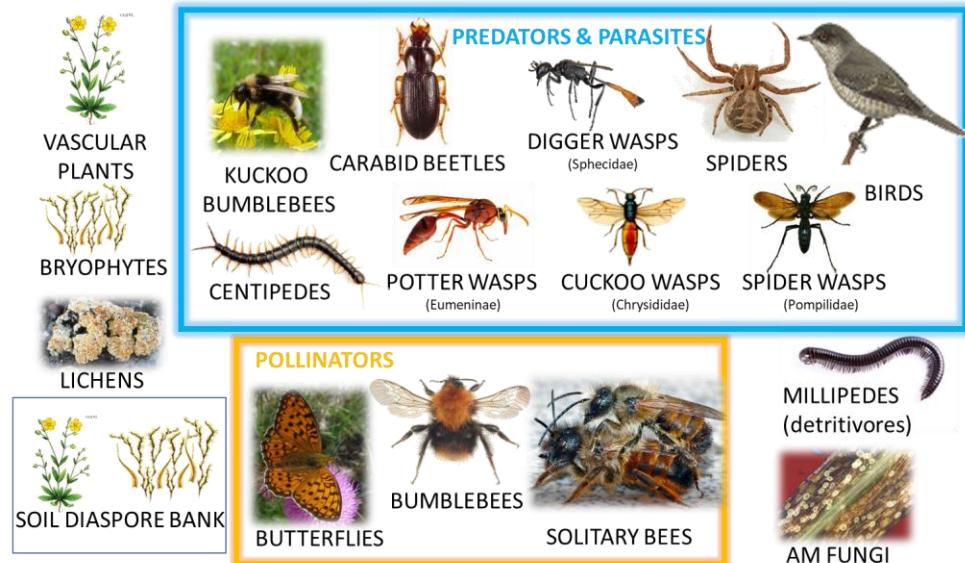
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# RESTORATION OF GRASSLANDS

- ☒ Inventory and long-term monitoring of the effectiveness of grassland restoration
  - ☒ Landscape and environmental change
  - ☒ Species diversity of various organism groups
  - ☒ Genetic diversity and gene flow of plants
  - ☒ Ecosystem services



Open grassland



GENETIC DIVERSITY  
OF GRASSLAND PLANTS



Overgrown grassland

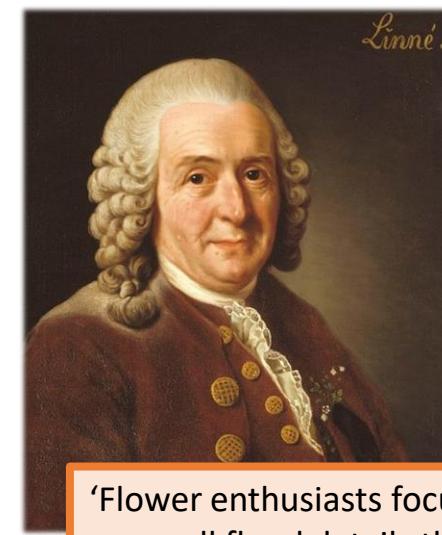
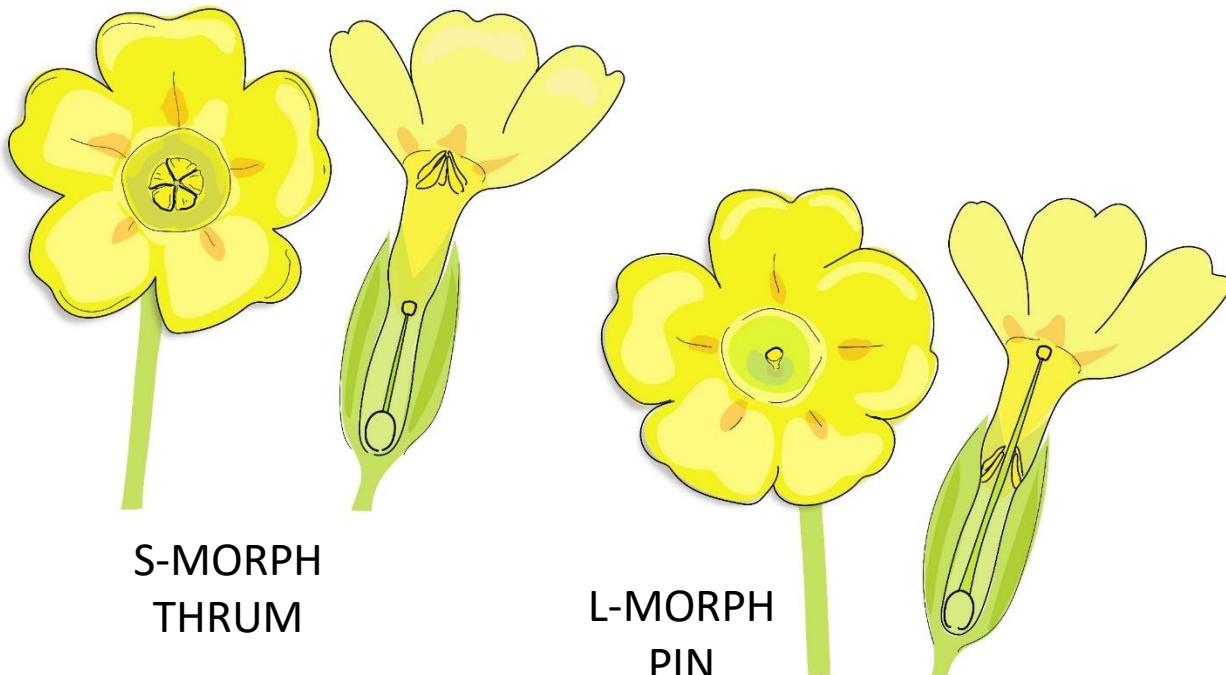
# COWSLIP (*PRIMULA VERIS*)



Photos: Tipe Aavik /left/, Kaarel Kaisel /upper right, lower right/, Iris Reinula /middle/

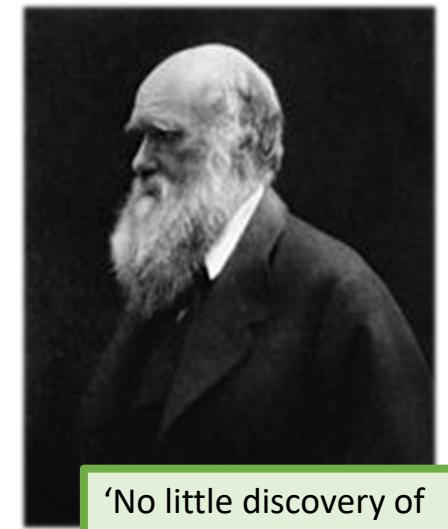
# „COMPLEX MARRIAGE“ OF COWSLIPS

- ☒ **Heterostyly** - the condition of having styles of different lengths relative to stamens in the flowers of different individual plants
- ☒ The pollen from a flower of one morph cannot fertilize another flower of the same morph
- ☒ Avoidance of inbreeding and enhancing of outcrossing (160 years since Darwin's study)
- ☒ Thus, also plants „care“ with whom they mate



‘Flower enthusiasts focus on small floral details that no sane botanist would consider important.’

*Carl von Linné*

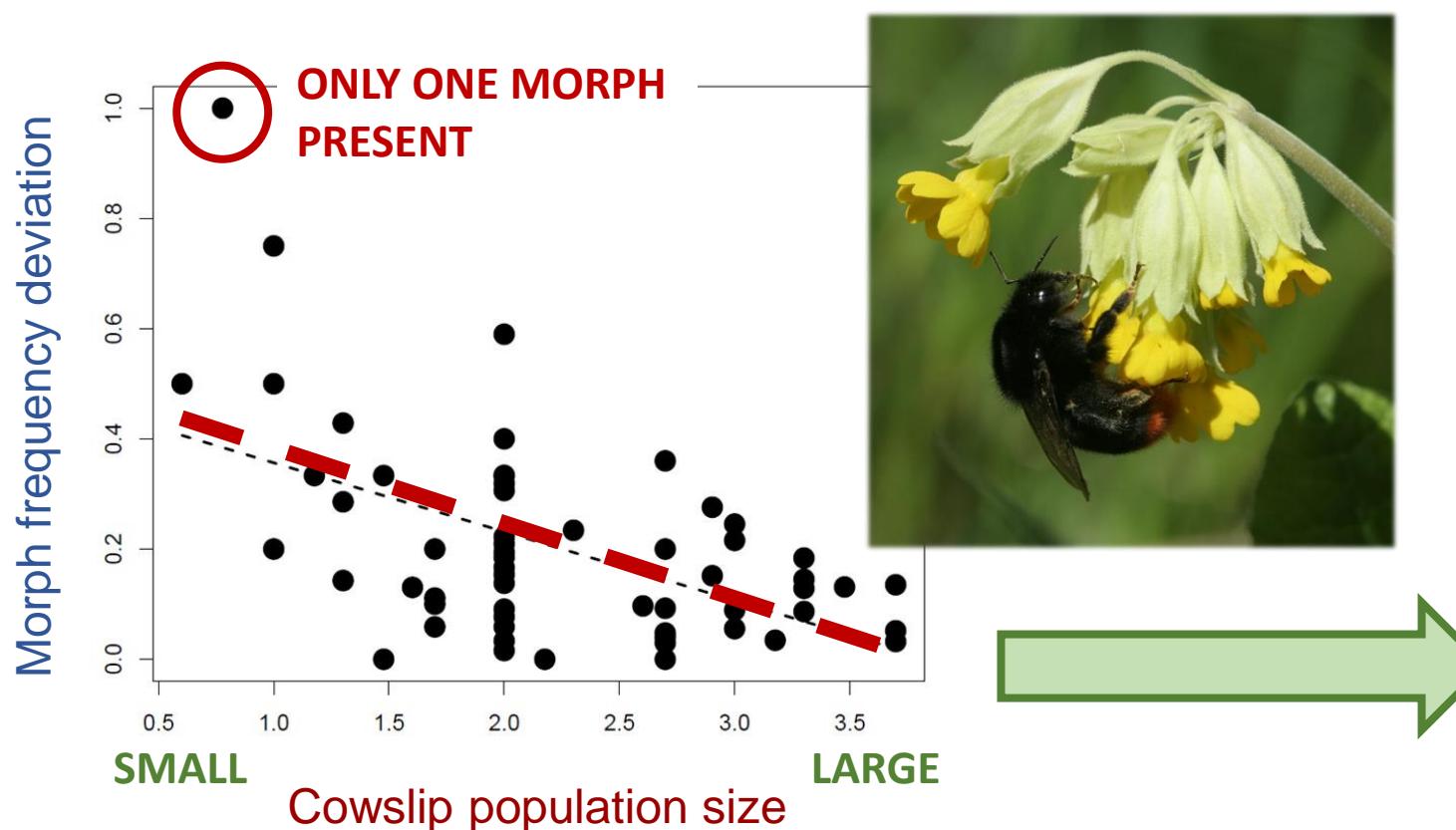


‘No little discovery of mine ever gave me so much pleasure as making out the meaning of heterostyled flowers.’

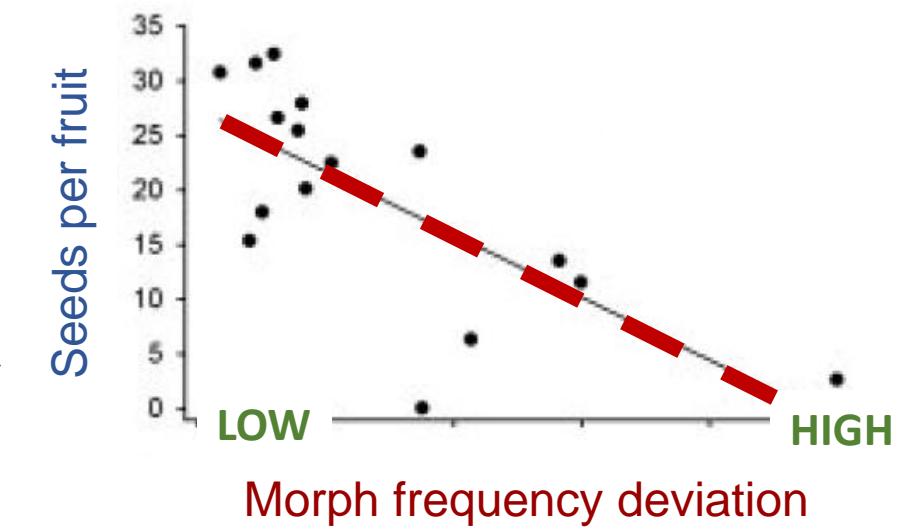
*Charles Darwin*

# „COMPLEX MARRIAGE“ OF COWSLIPS

- ☒ The frequencies of L- and S-morphs are generally equal, with a ratio of 1:1
- ☒ The 1:1 ratio may deviate as a consequence of habitat loss
- ☒ The latter means **FEWER COMPATIBLE MATES** for fertilisation
- ☒ Loss of pollinators further intensifies the problem

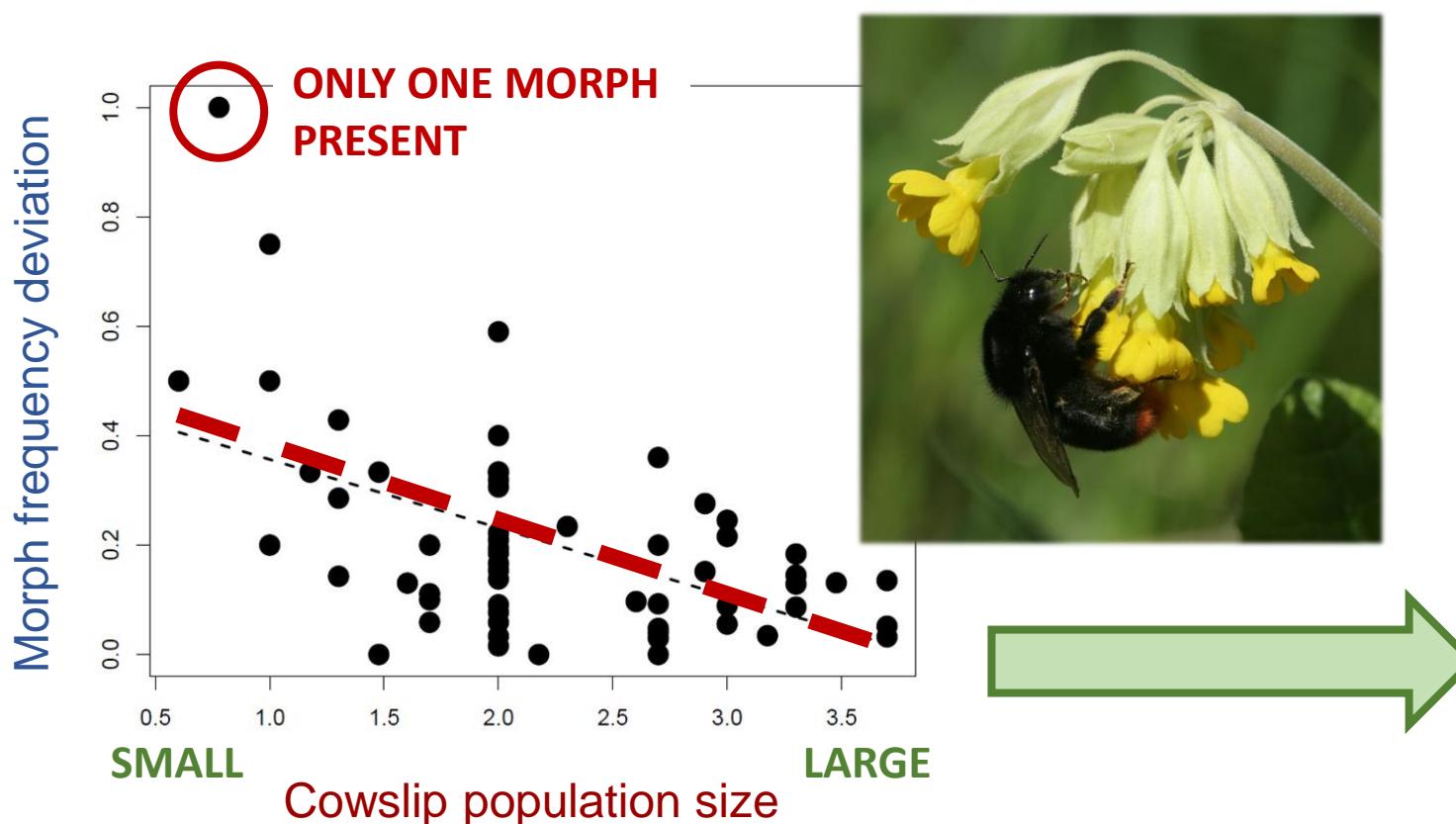


Deviations in morph frequencies leads to lower reproductive output (e.g. lower number of seeds) in cowslip populations.

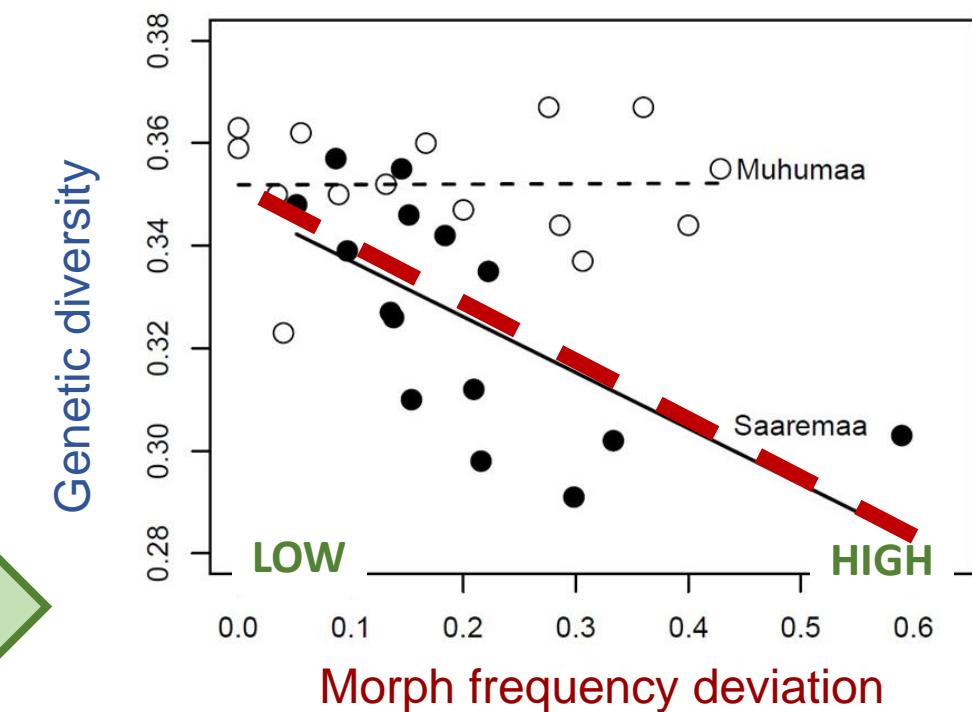


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Deviations in morph frequencies can also cause reduced genetic diversity.



# CITIZEN SCIENCE INITIATIVE „LOOKING FOR COWSLIPS“

- ☒ A well-known grassland plant
- ☒ Cultural value - the county flower for Essex, Northamptonshire, Surrey and Worcestershire
- ☒ A lot of folk names (in Estonia **116 folk names** in 1930s)
  - ☒ Key of Heaven, Paigles, Bunch of Keys, Herb Peter

## DO YOU KNOW ANY?

- ☒ Important plant in folk medicine

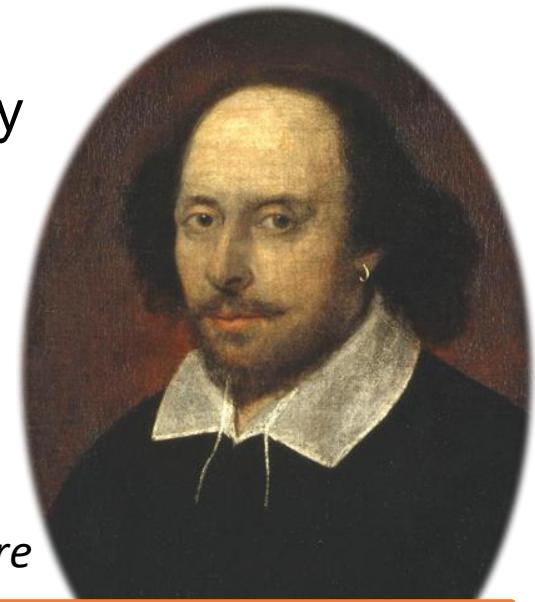


„Eighteen Albanians have been arrested during the past month, with **over 600 kilograms of cowslip** confiscated, along with the pack mules used to carry it.“



Greece wages losing battle against Albanian herb raiders

by Vassilis Kyriakoulis



William  
Shakespeare

*The cowslip tall her pensioners be  
In their gold coats, spots you see,  
Those be rubies, fairy's favours  
In those freckles live their saviours  
I must go seek dewdrops here  
And hang a pearl in every cowslip's ear.*

A Midsummer's Night Dream

Where the bee sucks, there suck I; In a cowslip's bell I lie.

The Tempest

# CITIZEN SCIENCE INITIATIVE „LOOKING FOR COWSLIPS“

☒ Estonia, 2019 and 2020

☒ Latvia, 2020



L-morph  
PIN



S-morph  
THRUM

☒ More than 1700 observations all across Estonia

☒ ‘Cowslip infection’ rate: at least  
300-400 per 100 000 in 2019

☒ More than 220 000 observed cowslip individuals

The screenshot shows the homepage of the "Looking for Cowslips" website. The header features the project name and a small logo. Below the header, there's a main banner with the text "Looking for Cowslips" and "Looking for participants for the biggest cowslip observation in 2021!". A central image of a smartphone displays a camera viewfinder over a yellow cowslip flower. Two dark blue call-to-action boxes are overlaid: "Active call: Join the cowslip survey team!" and "Open for partners from all over Europe!". Below the banner, there's a section with the text "Go out into the nature, find cowslips, look inside the flower and share with others!" and a "RESERVE" button. To the right, there's a green circular graphic with a stylized yellow cowslip flower. At the bottom, there's a large orange graphic containing the text "OVER 3000 OBSERVED LOCATIONS", "360 000 OBSERVED FLOWERS", and "5 000 PHOTOS FROM PARTICIPANTS", along with a map of Europe showing observation locations.

# CITIZEN SCIENCE INITIATIVE „LOOKING FOR COWSLIPS“

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DOI: 10.1111/1365-2745.13488

CITIZEN SCIENCE

Research Article

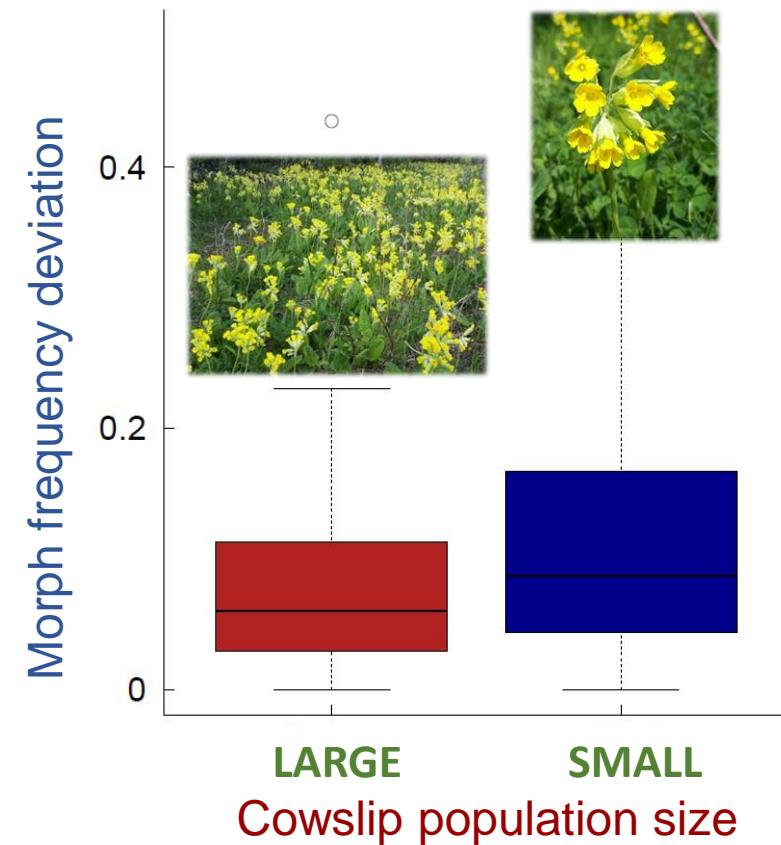
Journal of Ecology  
BRITISH  
ECOLOGICAL  
SOCIETY

## Landscape context and plant population size affect morph frequencies in heterostylous *Primula veris*—Results of a nationwide citizen-science campaign

Tsipe Aavik<sup>1</sup>  | Carlos P. Carmona<sup>1</sup>  | Sabrina Träger<sup>1</sup>  | Marianne Kaldra<sup>1</sup> | Iris Reinula<sup>1</sup> | Elena Conti<sup>2</sup> | Barbara Keller<sup>2</sup>  | Aveliina Helm<sup>1</sup>  | Inga Hiiesalu<sup>1</sup>  | Kertu Hool<sup>3</sup> | Mari Kaisel<sup>3</sup> | Tatjana Oja<sup>1</sup> | Silvia Lotman<sup>3</sup> | Meelis Pärtel<sup>1</sup> 

... and thousands of citizen scientists!

Morph frequencies deviate more in smaller cowslip populations.



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S-morphs (thrums)  
were systematically  
more abundant.



# CITIZEN SCIENCE INITIATIVE „LOOKING FOR COWSLIPS“

- ☒ Warm welcome and very positive feedback from observers
- ☒ Lot's of additional benefits – education, well-being (COVID-19)
- ☒ Surprising scientific findings!



**EDUCATION**  
– schools  
– kindergartens  
– families



**HABITATS**  
– road verges  
– old quarries  
– playgrounds  
– graveyards  
– verges of a crater  
– airfield  
– health trails

# CITIZEN SCIENCE INITIATIVE „LOOKING FOR COWSLIPS“

- ☒ Evolutionary processes shaped by habitat loss (development of monomorphism and self-fertilisation)
- ☒ Advantage of a specific morph over the other
- ☒ The relative role of habitat fragmentation
- ☒ Latitudinal effects

**Attention!**  
**Europe is**  
**Looking for**  
**Cowslips!**



Loss and fragmentation of semi-natural grasslands

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S-morph  
THRUM



L-morph  
PIN



Loss and fragmentation of semi-natural grasslands

# Let's go and follow the steps of Charles Darwin this spring!



## Go in to the nature

Take a smartphone/tablet with internet access with you or print out observation form on paper



## Find cowslips

Cowslips are common in grasslands, coastal areas, on forest edges and at roadsides



## Observe and fill in the online form

Fill in the [observation form](#) online



## Enjoy!

Take photos of yourself and cowslips. Share in social media



# Thank you!



Europa Liit  
Europa  
Regionaalarengu Fond



Eesti  
tuleviku heaks

